POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY

Candidate with D.M.L.T. qualification are expected to work as technicians in laboratories attached to hospitals under supervision of a senior officer like Biochemist, Microbiologist or Pathologist. They may be employed in a small laboratory functioning independently or attached to a doctor's clinic.

Programme Outcome:

- 1. Laboratory management and planning: Reception and recording of specimens, maintenance of laboratory records, reporting.
- 2. Specimen collection: Whole blood, plasma, serum, urine, C.S.F & other body fluids, preservation of specimens, anticoagulants.
- Quality Control: Role of quality control and its importance. Accuracy, Reliability, Precision. Internal and external quality control measure, preparation of reagents, standardization of methods, safety measures and precautions.
- Basic laboratory equipment's : Types, use, care and maintenance of following equipment: Ovens, Incubators, Refrigerators, Deep freezer. Centrifuges, Waterbaths, Water distillation, Analytical Balances, microscopes.
- 5. Glasswares: Types, use, care and maintenance of flasks, pipettes, cylinders, funnels, tubes, thermometers.
- Analytical instruments and techniques: Principles, types, use, care and maintenance of photoelectric colorimeters, spectrophotometers, flamephotometers, electrophoresis, Chromatography, Elisa and RIA, isotopes.
- Biochemical test profiles: Principle and use of Glucose tolerance test, liver function tests, kidney function tests, Thyroid Function Test.

Subject Specific Outcome:

Cognitive Domain:

- 1. Should learn all the aspects of laboratory investigations in Biochemistry, Microbiology and Pathology.
- 2. Have knowledge to maintain and use all the equipments like Oven, Incubator, Colorimeters, Spectro Photometer, electrophorasis, Chromatography, ELISA and RIA, etc.

Psychomotor Domain:

- 1. Techniques of collection of various specimens
- 2. Test Principles and Techniques for Glucose Tolerance Test, Lever Function Test, Kidney Function Test, Thyroid Function Test, etc.
- 3. Preparation and standardization of various reagents

Affective domain:

- 1. Good communication technique
- 2. Proper reporting
- 3. Ethics and morality and social accountability