Date: 03/02/2023

**Programme: HIV Awareness Rally And Street Play** 

Programme report:

The first cases of HIV infection in India were detected in 1986 among female sex workers in Chennai. A rapid increase followed in many states. The current national prevalence is about 0.26% compared with a global average of 0.2%, but the figure in most high-risk groups including female sex workers is much higher (up to 7%). New HIV infections reached a peak in 1998 and have since declined by 60%, although the total number of HIV-positive persons remains stable at 2.1 million, largely probably due to the increased life expectancy following antiretroviral therapy.

The Indian epidemic is characterized by low levels in the general population and elevated concentrations among high-risk groups. Transmission is mainly heterosexually driven, with differential burdens across the states.

The four main drivers of HIV infection in India differ in order from those elsewhere in the world and are commercial sex work, general heterosexual intercourse, injecting drug use and unprotected anal sex between men who have sex with men. There are distinct differences from state to state in the prevalence of HIV, with some around the national norm of 0.21% but others with over 1% infected. India has embarked on a targeted HIV prevention strategy in recent

years which is strongly associated with a fall in infection rate in both low- and high-risk groups.

Keeping in view above scenario MIMSR Medical College and NSS unit organised HIV awareness rally and street play. 70 students and 4 teachers were involved.





NSS Programme Officer MIMSR Medical College, Latur

Date: 03/01/2024

Programme: Shramdaan

**Programme report:** 

Today, our rivers are facing an existential crisis, the weather cycle is

changing, the air is becoming poisonous and new diseases are constantly spreading.

In this time of climatic turbulence, environmental degradation has seen rapid

escalation.

India hosts rich biodiversity and in spite of the various anthropogenic

challenges faced, the country thrives with 52 tiger reserves and 31 elephant

reserves and many other endemic, vibrant wildlife and rich forests.

Referring to the Prime Minister's call for sustainable environment, we need

to progress, provide energy, give people a respectable life, but at the same time,

we need to resolve to save the earth. India has a population of 17% of the world

yet it accounts for only 4% of carbon emission while other developed nations

with the same percentage of population account for nearly 60% of carbon

emission. Therefore, India has demonstrated to the world the essence of mindful

consumption of resources.

To achive the objective of green earth MIMSR Medical College and NSS

Unit decided to plant trees in unfertile areas. With 'Shramdaan' we cultivated 1

acre of unfertile land area with 40 trees. Trees like 'Pipal', 'Neem', 'Gulmohar' were selected for plantation. All students were assigned the responsibility of growing and caring the trees which were tagged with students name.

60 students and 3 teachers were involved in the 'Shramdaan'. We thank Zilla Parishad Latur office for providing trees for plantation. Together with our efforts we can prevent our mother earth from climatic crisis.





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NSS Programme Officer MIMSR Medical College, Latur

Date: 03/01/2024

**Programme: Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan** 

**Programme report:** 

Mahatma Gandhi communicated a quintessential message to the nation

through his efforts to educate people around him about cleanliness. He wished to

see a "Clean India" where people work hand in hand to make the country clean.

To work seriously towards this vision of Gandhiji, Prime Minister Shri Narendra

Modi launched the Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan on October 2, 2014 and asked

people from all walks of life to help in successful implementation of this mission.

The mission seeks to achieve the goal of Clean India in next five years so

that the 150<sup>th</sup> birth anniversary of Bapu can be celebrated as an accomplishment

of this duty. Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan exhorts people to devote 100 hours every

year towards the cause of cleanliness.

Keeping in view above scenario MIMSR Medical College and NSS unit

organised Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan 40 students and 2 teachers were involved.

We thank SPARSH, Sastur for providing trees for plantation. Together with our

efforts we can prevent our mother earth from climatic crisis.





NSS Programme Officer MIMSR Medical College, Latur

Date: 10/04/2024

Programme: World Health Day

Programme report:

Around the world, the right to health of millions is increasingly coming under threat. Diseases and disasters loom large as causes of death and disability. Conflicts are devastating lives, causing death, pain, hunger and psychological distress.

The burning of fossil fuels is simultaneously driving the climate crisis and taking away our right to breathe clean air, with indoor and outdoor air pollution claiming a life every 5 seconds.

The WHO Council on the Economics of Health for All has found that at least 140 countries recognize health as a human right in their constitution. Yet countries are not passing and putting into practice laws to ensure their populations are entitled to access health services. This underpins the fact that at least 4.5 billion people, more than half of the world's population, were not fully covered by essential health services in 2021. To address these types of challenges, the theme for World Health Day 2024 was 'My health, my right'.

This year's theme was chosen to champion the right of everyone, everywhere to have access to quality health services, education, and information, as well as safe drinking water, clean air, good nutrition, quality housing, decent working and environmental conditions, and freedom from discrimination.

Keeping in view above scenario MIMSR Medical College celebrated World Health Day. 60 students and 6 teachers were involved.





NSS Programme Officer MIMSR Medical College, Latur